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REMARKS

Claims 1-28 are currently pending in the subject application and are presently under consideration. A clean version of all pending claims is found at pages 2-5.

Favorable reconsideration of the subject patent application is respectfully requested in view of the comments herein.

I. Rejection of Claims 1-2, 9-11, 14, 20-21, 24,25 and 28 Under 35 U.S.C. §102(b)

Claims 1-2, 9-11, 14, 20-21, 24, 25 and 28 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by the article "Lightweight Remote Procedure Call" by Bershad et al. It is respectfully submitted that this rejection should be withdrawn for at least the following reason. Bershad et al. does not teach or suggest each and every limitation recited in the subject claims.

"A claim is anticipated only if each and every element as set forth in the claim is found, either expressly or inherently described in a single prior art reference." Verdegaal Bros. v. Union Oil Co. of California, 814 F.2d 628, 631, 2 USPQ 2d 1051, 1053 (Fed. Cir. 1987). Emphasis added. "The identical invention must be shown in as complete detail as is contained in the...claim." Richardson v. Suzuki Motor Co., 868 F.2d 1226, 9 USPQ2d 1913, 1920 (Fed. Cir. 1989).

The subject invention as disclosed and claimed relates to a system and method to enable communications between one or more (e.g., managed to unmanaged) object systems, including an in-lined stub functionality employed to facilitate operational performance and communications between the object systems. (See pg. 1, ln. 7-10).

More particularly, the invention provides for a system and/or methodology that facilitates communications and execution performance between managed and unmanaged code environments. This facilitation is achieved by providing functional aspects and considerations of an in-lined stub having portions thereof incorporated within an execution framework of a calling function between managed and unmanaged

code. It should be noted that this "in-line stub" is utilized in lieu of calling an external interface stub at run time. (See pg. 3, ln. 10-15).

Independent claim 1 (and similarly independent claims 14, 25 and 28) recites a system that facilitates communicating between managed and unmanaged code. Specifically, as claimed, the subject invention provides a first component that is one of the managed and unmanaged code and a caller associated with the first component, the caller invoking an object related to a second component, the second component being one of the managed and unmanaged code, the caller including an in-lined stub that facilitates communications between the objects.

Bershad et al. fails to teach or suggest such aspects of the claimed invention. Rather, Bershad et al. merely teaches a communication facility designed and optimized for communication between protection domains on a same machine. (See Section 1, Introduction).

Further, the invention as recited in the subject claims employs an "in-lined stub" to facilitate communications between objects. In accordance with various claims of the subject application, the in-lined stub is incorporated within the calling function. This technique is clearly different than calling a stub external to a calling function as is disclosed in the conventional system of Bershad et al.

Applicants' claimed in-lined stub facilitates higher processor execution performance than conventional systems and methods of calling an external stub routine. Bershad et al. on the other hand discloses that a client makes an LRPC by calling into a stub procedure. (See paragraph heading 3.2, page 45). This reference of calling "into" a stub procedure clearly indicates that the stub procedure as disclosed in Bershad et al. is not "in-lined" within a calling function as in applicants' claimed invention.

Contrary to assertions made in the subject Office Action, Bershad et al. does not teach or suggest employment of an in-lined stub as recited in the subject claims. Rather, Bershad et al. is silent with regard to actual location of the stub procedure. Applicants' representative submits that the Office Action is premised on an improper and unfounded assumption that the cited reference indicates that the stub is in-lined as in the claimed invention.

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In other words, Bershad et al. does not teach or suggest use of an in-lined stub as recited in independent claim 1 (and similarly in independent claims 14, 25 and 28) of the subject application let alone incorporating all or portions of the stub within a calling procedure as recited in the subject claims. For at least the foregoing reasons, applicants' representative respectfully submits that the type of call procedure disclosed by Bershad et al. is made according to conventional external stub calls which is subject to performance limitations and not "in-lined" as recited in the subject claims.

Moreover, Bershad et al. does not disclose or suggest communications between managed and unmanaged code as recited in the claims of the subject application. By way of example, an artisan will appreciate that managed code environments are noted in part by presence of a lifetime management function (e.g., "garbage collector") for object management. Accordingly, unmanaged code environments require the objects themselves to manage object lifetimes. (See pg. 1-2, ln. 30-31, 1-6). Bershad et al. simply discloses communications between protected and unprotected domains as specifically related to security issues. Bershad et al. does not contemplate communication between managed and unmanaged object code as recited in the claims.

In view of the above, it is readily apparent that Bershad et al. does not anticipate or suggest an *in-lined stub* and/or communication between managed and unmanaged code as recited in independent claims 1, 14, 25 and 28 (and claims 2, 9-11, 20-21, 24 which depend respectively there from). Accordingly, withdrawal of this rejection is requested.

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II. Rejection of Claims 1-28 Under 35 U.S.C. §102(b)

Claims 1-28 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by Nilsen et al. (U.S. 6,081,665). Withdrawal of this rejection is requested for at least the following reasons. Nilsen et al. does not teach or suggest each and every limitation recited in the subject claims.

Specifically, as with Bershad et al. discussed supra, Nilsen et al. is silent with regard to managed and unmanaged code as recited in the subject claims. Rather, Nilsen et al. merely teaches communications within a managed object environment and thus, does not disclose communications between disparate objects (e.g. managed/unmanaged) as recited in the claims of the subject application.

Furthermore, applicants' representative respectfully submits that Nilsen et al. employs an external stub to facilitate object communications in lieu of an in-line stub as in the claimed invention. Nilsen et al. simply describes a small procedure stub that is generated to represent each byte-code and native method in the system (See col. 15, lines 49-58). Although the Office Action contends that Nilsen et al. suggests that the stub is hard-coded into the caller's code, applicants' representative respectfully submits that Nilsen et al. does not teach or suggest the use of an "in-lined" stub "that facilitates communication between the objects" as disclosed and claimed in the subject application. Rather, Nilsen et al. suggests that "when performing special method invocation from within a JIT-translated method, the address of the called method (or at least a stub for the called method) is hard-coded into the caller's machine code." (See col. 14, ln. 4-6).

In view of the above, it is readily apparent that Nilsen et al. does not anticipate or suggest an *in-lined stub* and/or communication between managed and unmanaged code as recited in independent claims 1, 14, 25, 27 and 28 (and claims 2-13, 15-24 and 26 which respectively depend there from). This rejection should be withdrawn.

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CONCLUSION

The present application is believed to be in condition for allowance in view of the above comments and amendments. A prompt action to such end is earnestly solicited.

In the event any fees are due in connection with this document, the Commissioner is authorized to charge those fees to Deposit Account No. 50-1063.

Should the Examiner believe a telephone interview would be helpful to expedite favorable prosecution, the Examiner is invited to contact applicants' undersigned representative at the telephone number below.

Respectfully submitted,

AMIN & TUROCY, LLP

Himanshu S. Amin Reg. No. 40,894

AMIN & TUROCY, LLP 24TH Floor, National City Center 1900 E. 9TH Street Cleveland, Ohio 44114 Telephone (216) 696-8730 Facsimile (216) 696-8731